

Georgia Induction for Teachers of Special Education

Spring Special Education Leadership Meeting
Classic Center
Atlanta, Georgia

Presenters

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- Remember your first year of teaching:
 - Orientation?
 - Assignment?
 - Professional learning?
 - Mentor?
 - Observations?





Form groups of three and share your experiences. You have five minutes.



Status Check

- Does your district have an induction program for general education?
- ◆ Does your district have an induction program for special education?
- What are the key components?



Induction Research





- Fully certified SETs:
 - Nationwide shortages:
 - 7.4 % in 93-94
 - 12 % in 01-02
 - 44% of first year special education teachers are not fully certified
 - Attrition Rate: SET leave at 2.5 times the rate of other new teachers.



Why Do They Leave/Stay?

- Lack of administrator support
- Feelings of isolation
- Student behavior challenges
- Salary
- Lack of efficacy
- Why do they stay?
 - --ACHIEVING SUCCESS WITH THEIR STUDENTS.
 NTC



Activity 2 What could have been improved?



Induction

- A phase of teacher development
- ♠ A period of socialization and enculturation.
- A formal program for beginning teachers

Sharon Feiman-Nemser

New Teacher Center Research Forum Opening Address, January 2000



Induction for What?

- 1. New professional norms of collaboration and ongoing learning
- 2. Improved teaching performance
- 3. Increased student achievement, especially for the traditionally underserved students.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Moving Away From:

- 1. Mentors selected without criteria/process
- 2. Lack of PL and support for mentors
- 3. Haphazard meetings "when we can"
- 4. Mentoring first year only
- 5. Emotional support or logistical support only
- 6. Informal, non-evidence based feedback
- 7. PL not tailored to needs of beginning teachers
- 8. Lack of administrator communication
- 9. Isolated, unaligned programs

Moving to:



- 1. Rigorous selection criteria and process
- 2. Ongoing PL and support for mentors
- 3. Sanctioned time for mentor/new teacher interactions
- 4. Multi-year mentoring
- Intensive and specific guidance to move teaching practices forward.
- 6. Professional teaching standards tied to data-driven conversation
- 7. Ongoing PL for new teachers
- 8. Clear administrator roles/responsibilities
- 9. Stakeholder collaboration



What is the major difference between expectations now and when you started teaching?



Importance of Collaboration

- ◆ Importance of a schoolwide focus on meeting the needs of all students.
- SETs should receive support from both GETs and SETs
- Use of research-based instructional strategies within co-teaching is critical.
- Building relationships with both other SETs and with
 GETs is important.
 New Teacher Center, 2009



Key Components

- Institutional vision for induction.
- Stakeholder engagement
- Communication with stakeholders
- Mentor role
 - Scope
- Mentor role
 - Communication



Key Components

- Mentor recruitment and selection
- Mentor professional development
- Principal engagement
- Principal-mentor communication

New Teacher Center 2009



Key Components

- Mentor-Beginning Teacher Interaction
 - Time
 - Instructional Focus
 - Equity issues
- Formative assessment
- Communities of learning
- Beginning teacher professional development
- Program evaluation





- New teacher orientation.
- Assigned mentor as guide/advisor.
- Arranged observations.
- Unscheduled visits with feedback and emotional support.
- SET mentor, in same building, if possible.





- Monthly seminars.
- Mentor focus and match.
- Nearby mentor.
- At least weekly classroom support.
- Informal support valued by new SETs.
- "Protected" assignments.
- Help with IEPs, paperwork.



Key Components of Induction

- Technology-based support
 - Both mentors and peers available
 - Text-based used most often, even when video/audio available.
- Support from SETs most valuable, but administrator support is key.



Program Overview Georgia Induction for Special Education Teachers

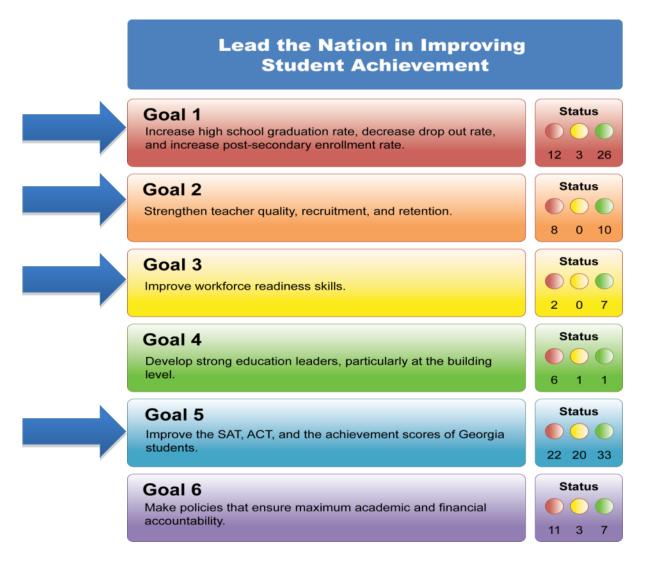
Purpose



- Research-based special education induction program:
 - Improve teacher quality.
 - Increase new teacher retention.
 - Improve student performance:
 - Increase high school graduation rate.
 - Decrease dropout rate.
 - Increase postsecondary enrollment.
 - Improve ACT, SAT, and Gergia achievement scores.

Strategic Goals

For the GaDOE and the State Board of Education



Partners: Task Force



- Collaborative Partners/Induction Task Force
 - Professional Standards Commission
 - Board of Regents/University System
 - Regional Education Service Agencies
 - Georgia Learning Resource System
 - Teach for America
 - District leaders and teachers
 - GaDOE Teacher & Leader Quality
 - GaDOE Special Education

"We will lead the nation in improving student achievement."

Development Team



- Development Team formed:
 - Key stakeholders
 - GaDOE staff
- Induction models researched:
 - Other states: Arizona, California,

Connecticut, Louisiana

- National: New Teacher Center
- International: Scottish Model
- Induction Standards drafted.
- Proposed structure and timeline drafted.

Overview



- Pilot Project
- 2010-2011 School Year: 25-30 teachers
- University Partners
- Four levels of support and professional learning
 - Statewide institutes
 - Regional training
 - District meetings
 - Classroom support

Overview



- **Funding:**
 - State Personnel Development Grant (SPDG)
 - Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Discretionary Grant
 - Title IIA funds

Program Overview



- Based on Georgia Induction Standards.
 - Extended preparation
 - Professional learning--ongoing
 - Multiple years of support
- Multiple formats
 - Technology
 - F2f (face to face) learning

Program Overview



- Aligned to Georgia's:
 - Performance Standards

Framework for Teaching

CLASS Keys & Leader Keys.



Personnel Structures



Program Design

- Personnel Structures
 - Beginning Teachers
 - Mentors/Coaches
 - Building Administrators
 - University Partners/Program
 Coordinators



Professional Learning

Program Design



- Professional Learning
 - For new teachers
 - For mentors
 - For administrators
- Support Levels
 - Statewide support X3/year
 - Regional support x3/year
 - District support x3/year



Coaching and Support



Coaching and Mentoring

- Coaching and Mentoring
 - Effective coaching and mentoring strategies.
 - Identified in research.
 - •Training includes:
 - Initial training-July 2010
 - Additional training/professional development-Jan. and May 2011



Coaching and Mentoring

- Training Components
 - Overview of induction program
 - Mentor roles/responsibilities
 - Mentor handbook
 - Problems/needs of beginning teachers
 - Adult learning theory
 - Elements of effective teaching
 - Legal/professional/ethical issues



Coaching and Mentoring

- Training Components
 - Supervisory / coaching skills
 - Classroom observation
 - Conferencing
 - Reflective listening / communication
 - Collecting/analyzing student data
 - Technology
 - Development of Action Plan for Mentoring
 - Mentoring resources



Communication and Collaboration

Communication & Collaboration



- Critical for success
- Maximizing the effectiveness of co-teaching by using research-based strategies
- Becoming a member of both the general school community and the special education community.
- Facilitating inclusive practices.



Resources and Incentives



Resources and Incentives

- State provided funding for:
 - Mentors—10 hours per week.
 - Sub for new SET for 8 hours a week
 - State, regional, and district training
 - PLUs
 - Training and support for mentors
 - Training and support for building administrators.

"We will lead the nation in improving student achievement."



Formative Assessment



Formative Assessment

- Focus on teachers' growth
- Guides mentors' work
- Sets up professional norms for inquiry and reflection on classroom practice
- Parallels the key role of assessment in effective instructional practices.

Formative Assessment



- New Teachers
 - Portfolio or Journal
 - Setting professional goals
 - Self Assessment/summary
 - Individual learning plan/review
 - Observations, selfassessments, goals, reflections
 - Student work analysis

"We will lead the nation in improving student achievement."



Evaluation

Evaluation



- Program
 - Meeting the established program standards
 - District and State alignment
 - Retention and achievement data
- Data collection responsibility
 - Individual school site
 - Local LEA
 - State "We will lead the nation in improving student achievement."



Program Evaluation

- Goals for the induction year
- Classroom observation reports
- Specific CPD activities (local activities, school-based, & individual)
- Action research project



Leadership Induction Institute presented by the New Teacher Center—Wisconsin March 5-17, 2010

NTC



Comments?

What's Important for Your District?